



**Grape and Granary**  
915 Home Ave  
Akron, OH 44310  
330-633-7223

**G & G Beer Brewing Kit**  
MALT EXTRACT- WITH GRAIN STEEPING

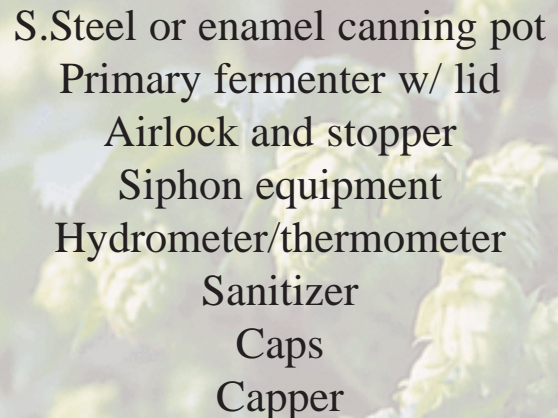
**GG86**  
**AMERICAN IMPERIAL IPA- G & G**

**Ingredients**



Syrup Malt Extract #1  
Syrup Malt Extract #2  
Dry Malt Extract #3  
Dry Malt Extract #4  
Steeping Grains #5  
Bittering Hops #6  
Flavor Hops #7  
Flavor Hops #8  
Flavor Hops #9  
Aroma Hops #10  
Dry Hops #11  
Priming Sugar #12  
Sock for Steeping  
Yeast

**Equipment**



S. Steel or enamel canning pot  
Primary fermenter w/ lid  
Airlock and stopper  
Siphon equipment  
Hydrometer/thermometer  
Sanitizer  
Caps  
Capper

**Recipe Specifics**

batch size- 5 us gallons  
total grain- 1.03 lbs  
anticipated SG 1.084  
anticipated color SRM- 11  
anticipated IBU-100+  
boil time- 60 minutes

**Process Specifics**

grain steeping temperature- 150-160 deg f.  
recommended Yeast strain- wyeast 1056  
fermentation temperature- 60-75 deg f.  
primary fermentation time- 5-7 days  
secondary fermentation time- 5-7 days  
carbonation- 5 oz dextrose  
ideal conditioning time- 4-6 weeks

For a complete list of instruction sheets, visit <http://www.grapeandgranary.com/ggrec.htm>

**\* It is important to boil at least 3-4 gallons of water with this recipe. Boiling less water will result in a decrease in hop bitterness utilization and less hoppy and bitter beer.**

1) Sanitize primary fermenter, lid, airlock (preferably using one-step or iodine sanitizer)

2) Pour approximately one gallon of dechlorinated water into your boiling kettle. Bring water to 150-160 degrees F. Place specialty grains (#5) in steeping sock and place sock in water. Allow grains to steep for 20 minutes at 150-160 deg. F. Stir well repeatedly throughout the 20 minutes to allow for maximum extraction of color. After 20 minutes remove grains. Add an additional 3-4 gallons of brewing water to the kettle and bring water to a boil.

3) Turn off heat. Add all malt syrup (#1 and #2), dry malt extract (#3 and #4) and bittering hops (#6). Stir well so that ingredients do not stick to the bottom of kettle. Hops may be put directly into kettle, straining bag not required.

4) Bring this mixture called 'wort' back up to a boil (watch for possible boil over). Allow to boil at a good rolling boil for 60 minutes. Control heat during boil so boil-over does not occur.

20 minutes before the end of the 60 minute boil add flavor hops (#7).

15 minutes before the end of the 60 minute boil add flavor hops (#8) and irish moss (whirlfloc tablet).

10 minutes before the end of the 60 minute boil add flavor hops (#9).

5 minutes before the end of the 60 minute boil add aroma hops (#10) into the boiling wort.

At the end of the 60 minute boil add aroma hops (#11) into the boiling wort.

5) Turn off heat. If possible, place boiling pot into a sink of cold water. Circulate cold water around the outside of the pot for 15-20 minutes. Cool the wort to 110-120 degrees Fahrenheit. Pour or siphon wort from boiling kettle to primary fermenter (attempt to leave most of the hop residue and any proteins behind. Add enough cold water (refrigerated with no chlorine) to the wort and bring the volume up to 5 gallons.

6) Check temperature of wort and obtain 60-75 deg F. If necessary, place primary fermenter into a sink of cold water to achieve this temperature range.

7) Add yeast- if using liquid yeast make sure it has previously been popped and incubated or have yeast starter ready. If dry yeast is being used, rehydrate according to manufacturers instructions or sprinkle on top of wort. Check starting specific gravity with hydrometer. Fill airlock half full with water and attach to primary fermenter lid. Fermentation will commence within 24 to 72 hours.

8) When airlock stops bubbling (only bubbles 1 time per minute) check specific gravity. If doing a one stage fermentation go to step 10.

9) **RECOMMENDED STEP-** Siphon beer off yeast sediment into a 5 gallon glass jug. Do not splash. Allow beer to sit in carboy until clear usually 5-7 days. Add a fining agent if needed ( not included in this kit ).

10) Sanitize recappable beer bottles. Siphon beer from primary or secondary fermenter into priming container. Dissolve priming

sugar (#12) in 1 cup boiling water. Add this sugar mixture to the beer in the priming/bottling container. Stir well but do not splash.

11) Fill bottles to within one inch of the top. Cap bottles and allow to sit at 60-75 degrees F. for two weeks. The bottles may then be refrigerated. The beer may be consumed after two weeks but will continue to improve up to 2 months in the bottle. The beer will store well for a year or longer. Chill the beer to 45-55 deg. F. before drinking and decant into a clean beer glass that has the capacity to hold all of the beer in the bottle- Enjoy!

IF YOU HAVE PROBLEMS OR QUESTIONS, PLEASE CALL 330-633-7223

### **American Imperial IPA**

An intensely hoppy, very strong pale ale without the big maltiness and/or deeper malt flavors of an American barleywine. Strongly hopped, but clean, lacking harshness, and a tribute to historical IPAs.

**History:** A recent American innovation reflecting the trend of American craft brewers "pushing the envelope" to satisfy the need of hop aficionados for increasingly intense products. Category may be stretched to cover historical and modern American stock ales that are stronger, hoppier ales without the malt intensity of barleywines. The adjective "Imperial" is arbitrary and simply implies a stronger version of an IPA; "double," "extra," "extreme," or any other variety of adjectives would be equally valid.

**Commercial Examples:** Dogfish Head 90-minute IPA, Rogue I2PA, Stone Ruination IPA, Three Floyd's Dreadnaught, Russian River Pliny the Elder, Moylan's Moylander Double IPA. Stock ales include examples such as Stone Arrogant Bastard.